ALASKA PENINSULA AND ALEUTIAN ISLANDS MANAGEMENT AREAS SAC ROE HERRING REPORT AND THE ALEUTIAN ISLANDS MANAGEMENT AREA FOOD AND BAIT HERRING REPORT, 1997

By

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Regional Information Report¹ No. 4K98-14

Alaska Department of Fish and Game
Commercial Fisheries Management and Development Division
211 Mission Road
Kodiak, Alaska 99615

April 1998

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Seasonal employee Judy Hamik helped with data processing. Scott Moyer and Leon Foster, ADF&G pilots, provided most of the aircraft support. Several fishers provided Aleutian Islands catch samples. Joan Brodie aged all Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands herring samples and produced age, weight, length, and sex summary files. Aleutian Islands ADF&G staff Robert Gish, George Pappas, and Mike Ruccio aided with management of the food and bait commercial herring harvest. Kathleen Herring provided office assistance in Dutch Harbor. Wayne Donaldson and Pat Holmes assisted with management of the Aleutian Islands fishery. Thanks is also extended to Lucinda Neel for her publication expertise.

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ABSTRACT

The 1997 sac roe herring season extended from April 15 through July 15 in the South Alaska Peninsula, from April 15 through June 30 in the Amak District of the North Peninsula, and from April 15 through June 15 in Aleutian Islands waters. In the Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts of the North Peninsula from April 15 through June 30 herring may be taken only during fishing periods established by emergency order. During 1997, there were no commercial herring fishing periods in both the Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts. No commercial sac roe herring landings were reported in the Alaska Peninsula or Aleutian Islands areas in 1997 due to low observed herring biomass and poor market conditions.

Aerial biomass survey estimates were documented for the North Peninsula: Herendeen Bay (160 tons), Moller Bay (45 tons), Bering Sea Coast (0 tons), and Port Heiden Bay (0 tons). There were fewer surveys in 1997 due to poor weather conditions and the lack of industry conducted surveys.

In 1997, commercial food and bait catches occurred in the Aleutian Islands Management Area. The Aleutian Islands Management Area "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery had six openings between July 15 and July 19. The Aleutian Islands "Dutch Harbor" commercial food and bait herring harvest was 1,950 tons (bait only), with an allocation of 1,645 tons, and a test fishery harvest of 40.3 tons. The average price per ton was \$300, giving a food and bait exvessel value of approximately \$585,000 for the Aleutian Islands Management Area commercial food and bait herring fishery. During the fishery, 26 purse seine permit holders (26 vessels) made 63 deliveries to five companies that purchased herring.

KEY WORDS: Alaska Peninsula, Aleutian Islands, herring, catch, age, length, weight, sex, sac roe, food

INTRODUCTION

Alaska Peninsula

The Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Management Areas (Figures 1-2) are described as Management Area "M" and are divided into three subareas; (1) the North Peninsula, consisting of Bering Sea waters extending west from Cape Menshikof to Cape Sarichef; (2) the South Peninsula, consisting of Pacific Ocean coastal waters extending west of Kupreanof Point to 163°30' W. long. (the south side of Unimak Island near Cape Lazaref); and (3) the Aleutian Islands, consisting of Bering Sea waters extending west of Unimak Pass and Pacific Ocean waters extending west from 163°30' W. long. (the south side of Unimak Island near Cape Lazaref) to the International Date Line (Figures 3-8).

The North Peninsula is comprised of three districts and 23 statistical areas, the South Peninsula includes three districts and 45 statistical areas, and the Aleutian Islands includes five districts and 41 statistical areas. Fishing normally begins in late May in both North and South Peninsula waters and ends in mid to late June. The Aleutian Islands has not had a sac roe herring harvest since at least 1979. The fishery for food and bait herring in the Aleutian Islands Management Area begins by regulation on July 16.

Commercial herring fisheries have been regulated by emergency order to achieve exploitation mandates by the Alaska Board of Fisheries (BOF). These regulations also address problems with wastage. Management plans and other BOF directives set policies by which these fisheries are prosecuted (ADF&G 1996; Cofske et al., 1997; Cofske and Campbell 1997).

Herring have been reported throughout most areas in the North Peninsula, South Peninsula, and in Unalaska Island waters of the Aleutian Islands Management Area. Major concentrations of herring and fishing effort have occurred in North Peninsula waters in Port Heiden, Moller, and Herendeen Bays, and along the Bering Sea coast in near shore waters from Entrance Point to Cape Seniavin. Known herring stocks and most fishing effort occurs in South Peninsula waters in the Shumagin Islands, and Stepovak, Pavlof, and Canoe Bays. Fishing effort in the Aleutian Islands Management Area has been limited to Unalaska and Akutan Islands waters.

From 1981 through 1995, the Alaska Department of Fish and Game (ADF&G) deployed field crews in the Alaska Peninsula for the purpose of collecting data and to monitor the fishery. Crews collected herring samples and documented spawning areas and substrate. Department personnel have conducted aerial surveys in the Alaska Peninsula since 1981, but with limited success, primarily due to the large area involved, poor weather conditions, turbidity of the water, and the sporadic and unpredictable arrival of the herring. Because of these limitations, the management staff believes only the surveys flown in 1989, 1991, and 1992 provide an accurate assessment of the total spawning biomass only in North Peninsula waters.

Aerial surveys of the Port Moller area by department personnel in 1976 reported numerous schools of herring in Herendeen Bay (Warner and Shafford 1979). The first commercial catches of sac roe

138.3 tons of herring were harvested in South Peninsula waters in 1982 for a total Alaska Peninsula harvest of 643.8 tons (Table 1). From 1988-97, an average of 763.7 tons were harvested during the North Peninsula sac roe herring fishery. Since 1982, the majority of the catch was taken from Herendeen and Moller bays except in 1986 and 1989 when most of the catch was taken on the Bering Sea coast between Entrance Point and the Seal Islands (Table 2). In 1992, over 40% of the North Peninsula harvest came from Port Heiden Bay.

Prior to 1982, fishing vessels destined for or returning from the Togiak herring fishery, frequently looked for herring in the Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts but no harvest occurred. During the 1986-88 seasons, an average of 52 vessels were present in the Port Moller District, but only a few permit holders actually harvested herring. In 1986, fishing effort increased on the earlier arriving biomass. From 1989 through 1992, the department used its emergency order authority to delay opening the Port Moller District until May 30 in an attempt to shift fishing pressure from the earlier arriving herring to the later more abundant fish. However, the Port Moller District could open prior to May 30, by subsequent emergency order(s), if ADF&G personnel documented enough herring in the area to justify a fishery. The later opening date started a trend of decreasing effort, and fishers returning from Togiak tended to pursue halibut or salmon fisheries rather than wait for the Port Moller herring fishery to open. The Port Moller District opened prior to May 30 from 1991 through 1995 because the herring biomass was sufficient to warrant commercial harvests. The run timing of the North Peninsula stocks appears to be two to three days after the biomass peaks in the Togiak fishery. Since 1993, the Togiak sac roe herring harvest strategy has extended the harvest well after the peak biomass. This change in harvest strategy, along with lower biomass levels, has probably caused lower than expected harvests in the North Peninsula since the industry now arrives well past the expected North Peninsula peak biomass.

The South Peninsula sac roe herring harvest and effort continues to fluctuate since it began in 1979. During years in which commercial sac roe herring harvests occurred, landings have been reported from 18 geographical locations; of these, only Canoe Bay produced an annual harvest (Table 3; Figure 8).

In South Peninsula waters, significant landings occurred in 1980 (453.8 tons), and peaked in 1981 (797.4 tons; Table 1). The BOF closed the South Peninsula sac roe herring fishery in 1983, allocating all catches to a food and bait herring fishery that failed to develop. From 1984 through 1991, the BOF allocated the catch between the sac roe fishery (75% of the allowable harvest) and the food and bait fishery (25% of the allowable harvest). In 1992, the BOF allocated the entire harvest to the sac roe herring fishery (Cofske et al., 1997).

Since 1981, the effort levels and harvests have generally decreased in South Peninsula waters. Most bays have small harvestable quantities of herring but the cost of keeping fishing vessels, tenders, and airplanes on call to harvest each section's quota (Table 4) makes fishing North Peninsula herring more attractive. Since South Peninsula herring appear to spawn later than North Peninsula herring, many salmon fishers do not participate in the South Peninsula herring fishery.

The objectives of this report are: (1) to present historical information on the fishery, (2) to present the biomass harvested in the commercial catch for each statistical day in the Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Management Areas during 1997; (3) to estimate the age and sex composition of

harvests; (4) to estimate the mean length and weight of herring harvested in commercial fisheries; and (5) to estimate the biomass of herring within each area. This information helps the department evaluate harvest rates, recruitment events, and to refine management of these fisheries. This report is intended as a reference document; interpretation and discussion of the data are therefore limited.

Aleutian Islands

The Aleutian Islands Management Area food and bait herring season is established by regulation and extends from July 16 through February 28, actual fishing time of the food and bait fishery is based on inseason evaluation of the observed biomass and harvest (Tables 5 and 6). Although the entire Aleutian Islands Management Area may open by regulation, openings have been limited to the vicinity of Unalaska and Akutan Islands due to processing capabilities and herring concentrations. The Unimak, Akutan, and Unalaska Districts and that portion of the Umnak District located east of Samalga Pass are commonly referred to as the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery (Figures 2-4). Two management plans: (1) the Bering Sea Herring Fishery Management Plan (Appendix B; 5 AAC 27.060), and (2) Aleutian Islands Management Area food and bait herring management plan, (Cofske and Campbell 1997) are used to manage the fishery.

Historically, the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait fishery occurred from 1929 through 1938 and in 1945 (Table 5). This fishery was a mixture of gillnet and purse seine catches, holding pounds, and numerous small, shorebased hand packing operations. A large portion of the catch was brined for either food or bait purposes while some product was frozen. Purse seine gear provided the bulk of the harvest.

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery has occurred annually since 1981 (Tables 5 and 6). Harvests during 1981-86 and 1990-97 were achieved with purse seine gear only. During the 1987-88 herring seasons, one gillnet permit holder participated while in 1989 two gillnetters made landings. Currently, purse seine vessels average approximately 50 feet in keel length and deploy seines up to 250 fathoms in length and 25 to 35 fathoms in depth.

Prior to 1992 and after 1994, fishing occurred at night using of sonar. In the past when herring concentrations left traditional fishing areas, fishers conducted organized "sonar searches" over fairly large areas until concentrations of herring were located. Between 1992 - 94 and in 1997 the fishery occurred during daylight hours using aircraft to spot herring. During the past three seasons, the number of aircraft used to locate concentrations of herring increased from 3 in 1995 to 9 in 1997. When catcher vessels leave the immediate area of shorebased processing facilities, industry follows with floating processors and tenders. Processing efficiency and product quality may decline when this occurs. Harvest locations have extended over approximately 90 miles, from Tigalda Island to Makushin Bay on Unalaska Island. However, the majority of the harvest occurred within a five mile radius of shorebased processing facilities in Unalaska and Akutan Bays.

Historically, quality concerns associated with feeding herring (i.e. "belly burn") have occurred in the food and bait fishery. Feed problems were overcome in the historical fishery by using holding pounds, where seine caught herring were held until their stomachs became empty. Gillnet caught herring required special handling to prevent spoilage. Most feed related problems have been

eliminated in the current fishery by using ice and chilled seawater in conjunction with rapid processing.

The timing and availability of herring in the Dutch Harbor area has changed in recent years. Aleutian Islands herring were previously categorized into an early summer run (late June to late July) and a late summer run (late August to early September). However, this run timing pattern does not seem to apply to the current (post 1980) fishery. Herring now arrive in the Dutch Harbor area about July! and are available through mid-September.

Shorebased processors purchase the majority of the herring harvested. Floating processors have been used most years; however, they are limited by daily handling capacities. In 1988, and from 1990 to the present, some herring were tendered to the King Cove shore plant; in 1989, 1990-92, and 1994 to the Sand Point shore plant, and in 1988 to the present to the Akutan shore plant.

Generally, the exvessel value for bait herring has exceeded that for food herring, although during the past few seasons the same price has been paid for both food and bait herring. While Aleutian food herring are a desirable product, a more reliable supply of food herring from other countries currently dominates the market. Food herring must be processed rapidly from fresh herring; when the allocation is harvested quickly (less than a day) processors can only produce a limited amount of food herring before the flesh is no longer fit for human consumption. Bait herring is used locally and statewide for the longline and pot groundfish and pot crab fisheries. The demand for quality bait has increased in recent years and a premium price is paid for fresh herring with a high oil content. Overall, the market for bait herring has remained more stable than the food herring market.

The harvest strategy for the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery has evolved since it was re-established in 1981. During the 1981 and 1982 seasons, there were no harvest restrictions. From 1983 to 1985, the BOF implemented a harvest ceiling of 3,527 tons per year due to biological concern over multiple exploitation of Eastern Bering Sea spawning stocks, specifically the Bristol Bay, Nelson Island, and Port Moller stocks. Scale pattern analysis studies identified some herring harvested during the Aleutian Islands food and bait herring fishery to be part of the Eastern Aleutian herring biomass (Rogers and Schnepf 1985). Because extensive sac roe fisheries already occur on these Eastern Aleutian herring stocks in their spawning areas, and some of these stocks may be harvested in the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait fishery, the department wants to avoid over exploitation, above the BOF's guideline harvest policy. In 1986, a modification of the harvest ceiling was implemented by ADF&G in response to the BOF concern for the possible lack of recruitment in the contributing stocks (primarily Togiak, to which the bulk of the Aleutian catch is estimated to be comprised). In 1986, the BOF reduced the Aleutians harvest allocation by 30% to 2,453 tons. This reduction corresponded with the percent reduction of the observed Togiak herring spawning biomass between the springs of 1985 and 1986. The 1987 herring harvest allocation was 2,332 tons, which was proportional to the 1985 to 1987 reduction of the observed Togiak spawning biomass.

In 1988, the BOF implemented the Bering Sea Herring Fisheries Management Plan, which established the biological criteria for calculating the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait quota (Appendix B: 5 AAC 27.060). To ensure conservation of herring stocks, the BOF adopted a requirement that

the overall exploitation of a herring stock should not exceed 20% of the spawning biomass. In the case of the Togiak spawning stock, an allocation between the sac roe fishery, spawn on kelp fishery, and the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait fishery was established to prevent the catch from exceeding 20% of the observed spawning biomass. The BOF also considerd the number of fishers involved and the value of the fishery when they established the allocations.

In 1991, the BOF changed the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery opening date from August 15 to July 16 to reduce the chance of catching non Togiak and North Alaska Peninsula herring stocks in the "Dutch Harbor" fishery. From 1992 - 94, ADF&G conducted the majority of fishing periods during daylight hours. The change from night to daylight openings was intended to improve the department's ability to monitor the fishery. Prior to 1992, fishers located and set on herring schools at night using sonar. Although sonar is still used to locate schools, spotter pilots and fishers also visually detected feeding birds and sea mammals which directed them to herring schools. In 1995-96, the fishery was once again conducted at night in an attempt to slow down the rate of harvest.

METHODS

Commercial Fisheries Management and Development Division (CFMD) personnel compiled the commercial catch data, which were based on computer tabulations originating from individual sale receipts (fish tickets) given to fishers at the time of delivery. Fish tickets and the computer generated summaries were edited by ADF&G staff for errors and omissions. Because extensive fish ticket editing is usually required to finalize the data for any given year, later reports may contain minor differences in the catch information listed in this report.

Catch Sampling

Age compositions were computed for the catch sampled in the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait fishery (Table 12). Age was determined by examining scales (Warner and Shafford 1979) taken from the preferred area, located on the left side of the herring three rows below the lateral line and three scales posterior to the center of the operculum plate. One scale was taken from each herring, and the ages were recorded in actual fish age in years. The accuracy of age determination was not tested.

Standard length measurements were taken to from the anterior most portion of the fish, including the lower jaw with the mouth closed, to the end of the vertebra (hypural plate) using a meter stick with 1 mm gradations. Accuracy of a length measurement was within ± 5 mm. Mean lengths were calculated from an unweighted composite of the data collected from each area sampled (Table 11).

Weight measurements of fish were taken using a digital scale with 2.0 g gradations and reading the scale device to within 2.0 g. Accuracy of a weight measurement was within \pm 2.0 g. Mean weights were calculated from an unweighted composite of the data collected from each area sampled (Table 11).

Biomass Estimates

Guideline Harvest Levels (GHL's) were established preseason and based on past fishery performance, age class data, and biomass estimates from ADF&G and industry aerial surveys (Table 4). Areas with little or no data on stock biomass were open for exploratory fishing.

SAC ROE FISHERY

Results

In 1997, no harvest occurred in the Alaska Peninsula Management due to low observed herring biomass and poor market conditions. The average harvest from 1992-96 was 1,100 tons (Table 7).

Fishing Effort

In 1997, the first herring in the Port Moller District were observed on May 26 (150 tons). The department did not allow any commercial fishing periods in the Port Moller District during 1997 because ADF&G staff did not believe the 1,000 ton threshold, established in the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan, would be achieved (ADF&G 1996).

In areas with a GHL, inseason fishing time is normally based on department biomass surveys and fishery performance. In areas open for exploration, (Aleutian Islands Management Area, Amak District, the Western Section of the Port Moller District, the Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Section of the Pavlof District and General Sections of the King Cove and Sand Point Districts), liberal fishing time was allowed to give fishers the opportunity to locate and exploit unknown herring stocks. Several aerial surveys were conducted in the Port Heiden District but only a small biomass was observed and therefore, no commercial fishery was prosecuted. All exploratory areas in the North and South Peninsula were unproductive (Table 2 and 3). Small harvests normally occur in Stepovak, Balboa, and Canoe Bays and the General Section (Shumagin Islands) of the South Peninsula. However, there was no reported herring fishing effort in 1997 because of poor market conditions.

North Peninsula

There are three commercial herring fishing districts in North Peninsula waters: Port Heiden, Port Moller, and Amak Districts. Purse seine and gillnet gear are permitted in North Peninsula waters and both gear types share common time and area openings.

The entire 1997 North Peninsula GHL of 150 tons was allocated to the Port Moller District (Table 4; Cofske et al., 1997). The Amak District was open for exploration continuously from April 15 through June 30. All North Peninsula waters closed to herring fishing on June 30. A minimum of

six hours advanced notice for commercial fishing periods in the Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts is normally initiated prior to a fishing period.

Department staff arrived in the Port Moller area on May 7. The first aerial survey was conducted on May 22, but no fish were observed. The first school of herring was observed on May 26 and was estimated to be 150 tons. Aerial surveys continued through June 12, but no additional herring were sighted after May 28 (Tables 8 and 9). Industry did not express interest in processing herring in 1997 and no vessels arrived to participate in the fishery.

Small schools of fish were visible in 1997 from May 26 through 28 in the Herendeen and Moller Bay Sections (Tables 8 and 9). In 1997, the total observed biomass for the North Peninsula was 205 tons: Herendeen Bay (160 tons), Moller Bay (45 tons) (Table 8). No spawning was documented in 1997. Fewer aerial surveys were conducted in 1997 than in previous years because of poor weather and the absence of industry conducted surveys. Industry surveys often direct ADF&G staff to herring concentrations so official department surveys can be conducted.

Historically, from mid-May through early-June, department and industry spotter pilots have reported capelin in North Peninsula waters. No capelin stocks were observed in 1997.

1998 Outlook

The 1998 North Peninsula sac roe herring forecasted GHL is between 0 and 150 tons. This forecast was calculated by applying a sliding scale exploitation rate to the 1997 biomass estimate (Appendix C). Historically, the North Peninsula herring abundance has been unpredictable and the GHL will be adjusted inseason based on observed stock size (Appendix C). Confidence in the 1998 North Peninsula forecast is only fair.

South Peninsula

The 1997 projected GHL for South Peninsula herring fisheries was 100 tons (Table 4). The Swedania Point-Balboa Bay, Point Aliaksin-Beaver Bay, and General Sections of the Sand Point District, the Pavlof Bay, Seal Cape-Wosnesenski and General Sections of the Pavlof District, and the King Cove District were open for exploratory fishing.

South Peninsula sac roe herring fisheries were open from April 15 through July 15. Fishing periods were established by emergency order to open at 12:00 noon on odd number days of the month and close at 12:00 noon on even number days of the month, followed by 24 hour closed periods.

The department conducted three aerial surveys of the South Peninsula in 1997, one each on May 28, June 5 and June 8, but no herring biomass or spawn was observed. In 1997, no commercial herring harvest or fishing effort was reported in the South Peninsula due to the absence of any observed biomass and lack of industry interest in purchasing herring.

The historical age composition of South Peninsula commercial purse seine sac roe herring harvests by area and percent are presented in Appendix F.

1998 Outlook

The 1998 South Peninsula sac roe herring forecasted GHL is 60 tons and is based on the five year (1993-97) South Peninsula average harvest of 58.4 tons. Confidence in the 1998 South Peninsula forecast is only fair (Appendix C). Adjustments may be made inseason once herring biomass is quantified.

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS FOOD AND BAIT FISHERY

The 1997 "Dutch Harbor" commercial food and bait herring fishery was restricted to all waters of Unalaska Bay south of a line from Eider Point to the western entrance of Constantine Bay in the Unalaska District (Figure 4). Six fishing periods occurred between July 15 and July 19 (Table 10; Appendix A). The fleet consisted of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The holding capacity for both tenders and purse seine vessels was an estimated 4,100 tons.

The 26 purse seine vessels made a total of 63 landings for a total harvest of 1,950 tons (Table 5). The actual harvest exceeded the GHL of 1,645 by 18.5 percent (Table 6). Processors purchased herring for \$300 per short ton and the entire harvest was obtained for bait (Table 5). The exvessel value of the fishery was an estimated \$585,000.

The department conducted a test fishery on July 14 to obtain biological data, finance management of the fishery, and obtain information concerning location and volume of herring in the area. The department contracted a permit holder who harvested 40.3 tons of herring for the test fishery in Unalaska Bay.

A total of 546 herring from the commercial fishery were analyzed for age, length, weight, and sex data. In the Unalaska District (Figures 2-4), the most abundant age classes in the commercial harvest were estimated as age-6 15.2%, age-7 31.3%, and age-9 21.2% (Table 11; Figure 9). The age composition is similar to past years (Table 12) with the exception of a relatively low percentage (9.3) of age-8 fish. The female to male ratio was 1:0.88. The average herring length in the sample was 281 mm, and the average weight was 386 g (Table 11).

1998 Outlook

The 1998 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring forecasted GHL is 1,590 tons (K.A. Rowell, ADF&G, Anchorage, memo, November 1997). This GHL was established by using the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan allocation formula given the 20% exploitation rate and the 1998 Togiak District forecasted biomass of 121,054 tons (Appendix D).

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Table 1. Alaska Peninsula Management Area commercial sac roe herring harvest by time period and area, 1979-97.

	North	Peninsula	Souti	Peninsula		
Year	Harvest (Tons)	Harvest Time Period	Harvest (Tons)	Harvest Time Period	Total	
1979	0.0		10.1	July 4-July 4	10.1	
1980	0.0		453.8	May 18-July 14	453.8	
1981	0.0		797.4	May 9-June 23	797.4	
1982	505.5	May 31-June 12	138.3	May 31-June 14	643.8	
1983	627.0	May 9-May 29	0.0	Fishery closed	627.0	
1984	431.2	May 24-June 8	210.4	May 13-June 1	641.6	
1985	710.2	May 24-June 4	287.8	June 1-June 11	998.0	
1986	894.4	May 18-May 30	281.9	June 7-June 14	1,176.3	
1987	513.7	May 9-June 5	319.0	June 8-June 19	832.7	
1988	294.3	May 17-June 15	376.7	May 31-June 20	671.0	
1989	729.0	May 28-June 23	310.3	May 13-June 19	1,039.3	
1990	272.8	June 4-June 19	312.2	May 14-June 14	585.0	
1991	1,313.0	May 17-July 4	157.4	May 16-June 11	1,470.4	
1992	3,969.0	May 23-June 17	180.3	June 4-June 7	4,149.3	
1993	535.9	May 8-June 9	97.0	May 27-June 9	632.9	
1994	89.8	May 21-June 7	8.2	June 2-June 3	98.0	
1995	337.3	May 29-June 20	62.7	June 6-June 17	400.0	
1996 ^a	95.8	June 12-June 18	124.4	May 10-June 27	220.2	
1997	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	
1988-97	Average 763.7		162.9		926.6	

^a In the South Peninsula 7 tons were included in the harvest figure, but were not sold due to low roe percentage.

Table 2. North Peninsula commercial sac roe herring harvest by section, 1982-97.

	P	ort Moller Distr	ict		Port Heiden District		
Year	Deer Island Mud Bay Section	Herendeen Molle Bay Bay Section Section		Bear River Bering Sea Coast	Port Heiden Bay Section	Total	
4000	0.0	070.5	400.0	40.0	0.0	505.5	
1982	0.0	279.5	180.0	46.0	0.0	505.5	
1983	0.0	509.3	36.5	81.3	0.0	627.0	
1984	0.0	180.8	250.4	0.0	0.0	431.2	
1985	0.0	173.3	255.5	281.4	0.0	710.2	
1986	0.0	156.1	254.8	483.5	0.0	894.4	
1987	0.0	156.6°	349.8	7.3	0.0	513.7	
1988	0.0	8.2	286.1	0.0	0.0	294.3	
1989	0.0	67.0	246.5	415.6	0.0	729.0	
1990	0.0	155.8	117.1	0.0	0.0	272.8	
1991	156.3	167.0	689.6	300.2	0.0	1,313.0	
1992	18.3	0.0	2,350.7	0.0	1,600.0	3,969.0	
1993	0.0	106.6	371.0	57.9	0.0	535.9	
1994	7.2	0.0	82.6	0.0	0.0	89.8	
1995	3.2	145.7	188.4	0.0	0.0	337.3	
1996	0.0	73.8	22.0	0.0	0.0	95.8	
1997	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1988-97 Av	•	,					
	18.5	72.4	435.4	77.4	160.0	763.7	

^a At least 11 tons were caught in the Deer Island-Mud Bay Section.

Table 3. South Peninsula commercial sac roe herring harvest by geographic area, 1980-97.

	Stepovak	Balboa	Pavlof	Canoe	Area Volcano-	Belkofski	Lenard	Dolgoi	Shumagin	
Year	Bay ^a	Bay	Bay	Bay	Dolgoi	Bay	Harbor	Harbor	Islands	Total
					_					-
1980	195.0	132.0	114.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	453.0
1981	122.0	36.0	225.0	206.0	65.0	23.0	110.0	0.0	0.0	787.0
1982	0.0	5.0	0.0	171.2	0.0	0.0	0,0	0.0	0.0	176,2
1983 ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1984	30.0	25.0	0.0	155.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	210.4
1985	11.0	0.0	95.0	239.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	345.0
1986 °	0.0	0.0	61.0	140.5	13.0	8.0	59.0	0.0	0.0	281.5
1987 °	0.0	0.0	92.0	118.0	0.0	38.0	59.0	12.0	0.0	319.0
1988 ^d	0.3	11.0	69.0	236.5	17.0	12.0	31.0	0.0	0.0	376.8
1989	39.0	17.0	53.0	148.0	0.0	0.0	9.0	5.0	39.0	310.0
1990	71,7	20.8	0.0	120.4	0.0	3.2	5.9	0.0	90.4	312.2
1991	19.3	19.3	0.0	77.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.4	157.4
1992	0.0	0.0	0.0	180.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	180.4
1993	4.6	0.0	0.0	92.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	96.8
1994	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.2
1995	0.0	9.8	0.0	52.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	62.7
1996°	27.8	3.9	0.0	77.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.6	124.4
1997	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1988-9	7 Average									
	16.3	8.2	12.2	99.3	1,7	1.5	4.6	0.5	18.6	162.9

^a The 1984-88 catches came from Ramsey Bay, the 1989 and 1993 catch came from Granville Bay.

^b In 1983 the South Peninsula sac roe fishery was closed, all herring catches were allocated to a food and bait fishery that did not develop.

^c Stepovak Bay (Kupreanof Point to Swedania Point) was closed during 1986-87 due to the herring biomass being below the threshold required for a commercial fishery.

^d In Stepovak Bay seven tons of immature (green) herring were dumped on May 7, and an additional two tons were dumped on May 11.

e In Stepovak Bay seven tons of immature (green) herring were dumped on May 15.

Table 4. Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Management Areas sac roe herring guideline harvest levels, by management area, 1997^a.

Management Area	Sac Roe Guideline Harvest In Short Tons
North Peninsula	
Amak District	ь
Port Moller District ^c	0-150
Western Section	b
Deer Island Section ^d	c
Herendeen Bay Section	¢
Inner Moller Bay Section	¢
Outer Moller Bay Section	c
Bear River Section ^e	c
Port Heiden District ^f	b
North Peninsula Total	0-150
South Peninsula	
Sand Point District	
Stepovak Bay Section	15
Swedania Point-Balboa Bay Section	b
Point Aliaksin-Beaver Bay Section	b
General Section (Shumagin Islands)	ь
Pavlof District	
Canoe Bay Section	4 5
Pavlof Bay Section	ь
Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Section	ъ
General Section (Volcano Bay)	ь
King Cove District	
Belkofski Section	ь
Deer Passage Section	ь
Cold Bay Section	ъ
General Section	b
South Peninsula Total	60

Table 4. (page 2 of 3)

Management Area	Sac Roe Guideline Harvest In Short Tons
Aleutian Islands	
Unimak District	b
Akutan District	b
Unalaska District	b
Umnak District	b
Adak District	b
Guideline Harvest Total ^g	100-250

The Aleutian Islands Management Area is open for exploration; no deliveries have ever been made from the Aleutian Islands. Portions of a section, district, or area may be closed if it is suspected that additional harvests in a given location will exceed 20% of the spawning biomass.

Herring abundance in the Port Moller District is difficult to document. The 1998 herring abundance may justify a larger catch than 150 tons, however to increase the guideline harvest level a larger than expected spawning biomass must be documented by ADF&G. A sliding scale exploitation rate was used to determine the 1998 GHL.

Stock Size	Sliding Scale	Allowable		
(Short Tons)	Exploitation Rate	Harvest		
< 1,000	0%	0		
1,001-1,500	10%	0-150		
1,501-1,999	10%	150-200		
2,000-2,500	15%	300-375		
2,501-3000	15%	375-450		
>3000	20%	>450		

Herring harvested in the Deer Island Section of Herendeen Bay will be counted against the Herendeen Bay guideline harvest level.

All areas without guideline harvest levels are open for exploration. Harvests in these areas will be kept small until ADF&G is able to document the spawning biomass. For the General Section of the Sand Point District (Shumagin Islands), Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Section, The General Section of the King Cove District, Amak District, Western Section of the Port Moller Distrcit, and the Aleutian Islands, no more than 50 tons of herring will be allowed to be harvested from the waters near any single island or bay in exploratory areas unless ADF&G documents a herring biomass that would allow a larger harvest.

^e Herring harvested along the Bering Sea Coast will be counted against the Port Moller and Herendeen Bays guideline harvest level if it is suspected that these herring were traveling into Port Moller or Herendeen Bays.

In 1992, commercial quantities of herring were harvested for the first time in the Port Heiden District. The 1998 herring abundance may justify a catch larger than 50 tons, however to increase the guideline harvest level a larger than expected spawning biomass must be documented by ADF&G. The commercial herring fishery will be managed conservatively until adequate data is obtained to warrant a liberal management approach. Herring harvested along the Bering Sea coast will be counted against the Port Heiden guideline harvest level if it is suspected that these herring were travelling in to Port Heiden Bay.

g Total does not include harvests that may occur in areas open to exploration.

Table 5. Aleutian Islands Area "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fisheries historical summary, 1929-1997.

				Number of Vessels					Exvessel	Exvessel Value
	Harvest in	Number of	Number	Making	Number	Tons	Tons	Price	Value	Per Vessel
Year	Short Tons	Processors	of Permits ^a	Landings	Landings	Per Boat	Per Landing	Per Ton	(Thousands)	(Thousands)
1929	1,259					tof	ormation not A	veilable		
1930	1,916						ormation not A			
1931	1,056	12		26			ormation not A			
1932	2,510	12		30			ormation not A			
1933	1,585	12		38			ormation not A			
1934	1,533	9		00			ormation not A			
1935	2,412	10					ormation not A			
1936	1,379	8					ormation not A			
1937	579	·					ormation not A			
1938	513						ormation not A			
1939-44	No Fishery					****				
1945	75					Infe	ormation not A	vailable		
1946-80	No Fishery									
1981	704	Þ		ь	16	352	44	300	211	
1982	3,565	6		7		509		300		14
1983	3,567	5		8	96	446	37	232	828	10-
1984	3,578	5		9	61	398		210		8:
1985	3,480	b		6	78	560		162	564	9.
1986	2,394	4		7	53	342	45	254	600	81
1987	2,503	4		8		373		300		9.
1988	2,004	6	9	8		251		252		6
1989	3,081	5	9	9	69	342		283		9
1990	820	5	7	7	15	117	103	350	287	4
1991	1,325	5	8	8	18	166	74	300	398	50
1992	1,949	5	12	11	26	177	75	300	573	52
1993	2,790	4	13	13	32	215	87	300	837	64
1994	3,349	7	14	13	65	239	52	300	1,005	7:
1995	1,705	6	15	14	23	125	73	300	524	3
1996	2,239	8	26	24	29	93	77	300	672	28
1997	1,950	5	26	26	63	75	31	300	585	23
1929-38										
Average	1,474	11		31		Infe	ormation not A	vailable		
1988-97										
Average	2,121	5	14	13	40	180	65	299	626	53

 ^a CFEC permit holders making successful landings.
 ^b This information can not be released due to state confidentiality requirements.

Table 6. Aleutian Islands area "Dutch Harbor" commercial food and bait herring fishery, including landing date, days fished, preseason Togiak spawning biomass, guideline harvest level, harvest, and number of vessels fishing, 1981-97.

				Preseason		Food &		
				Togiak	Harvest	Bait	% Togiak	
				Spawning	Quota	Harvest	Spawning	Number
	Landing	g Date	Days	Biomass	Short	Short	Biomass	Vessels
Year	First	Last	fished	Short Tons	Tons	Tons	Harvested	Fishing
1981	Aug 3	Aug 23	21	159,000	None	704	0.4	a
1982	Aug 5	Sep 12	39	98,000	None	3,565	3.6	7
1983	Jul 23	Sep 6	46	142,000	3,525 ^b	3,567	2.5	8
1984	Jul 17	Jul 27	11	115,000	3,525 ^b	3,578	3.1	9
1985	Jul 17	Aug 11	26	132,000	3,525 ^b	3,480	2.6	6
1986	Jul 16	Jul 28	13	96,000	2,453 ^c	2,394	2.5	7
1987	Jul 16	Jul 23	4	88,000	2,332 ^c	2,503	2.8	9
1988	Jul 16	Sep 18	21	132,000	3,100e	2,004	1.6	8
1989	Jul 16	Aug 5	19'	100,108	3,100 ^e	3,081	3.2	9
1990	Aug 15	Aug 15	<1	72,000	903°	820	1.1	7
1991	Jul179	Jul 17	<1	83,229	931 ^e	1,325	1.6	8
1992	Jul 16	Jนl 28 ^h	5	60,214	1,940	1,949	1.3	11
1993	Jul 16	Jul 16	<1	164,135	2,193	2,790	1.7	13 ^k
1994	Jul 16	Jul 19	4	165747 ^j	2,215 ^j	3,349	2.0	16 ^k
1995	Jul 16	Jul 16	<1	149,093	1,982	1,748	1.2	18 ^k
1996	Jul 16	Jul 16	<1	135,585	1,793	2,239	1.7	25 ^k
1997	Jul 15 ^l	19-Jul	5	125,000	1,645	1,950	1.2	26 ^k

^a Number may not be released due to state confidentiality requirements.

^b Harvest ceiling of 3,525 established by Alaska Board of Fisheries.

^c Harvest quota set by ADF&G. Reduced proportionately with the drop from the 1985 Togiak spawning biomass level.

^d Closed July 19 reopened for 14 hours on July 23.

^e Harvest quota set under provisions of the Bering Sea Herring Fisheries Management Plan.

f Closed July 26, reopened July 27 through August 5.

g Fishery opened for six hours on July 16; weather prevented any fishing effort.

h Fishery co-op after July 16.

¹ The preseason forcasted biomass was adjusted by ADF&G, the final biomass estimate for Togiak was 146,037 tons and the harvest quota was adjusted to 1,940 tons.

^j The preseason forcasted biomass was adjusted by ADF&G (Kathy Rowell, personal communication, May 25, 1994).

k Number of vessels registered to fish.

¹ Fishery opened at 10:00 p.m.

Table 7. Alaska Peninsula sac roe herring harvest, number of landings and permits fished by year, 1979-97.

	No	orth Peninsula		Sc	outh Peninsula	1	Total			
_			Permits			Permits			Permits	
Year	Tons	Landings	Fished	Tons	Landings	Fished	Tons	Landings	Fished	
1979		No Harvest		а	а	a	а	a	a	
1980		No Harvest		453.8	15	6	453.8	15	6	
1981	1	No Harvest		797.4	93	56	797.4	93	56	
1982	Ð	a	a	138.3	13	4	å	a	a	
1983	627.0	47	23	0.0	Fishery	closed	627.0	47	23	
1984	431.2	20	11	210.4	20	5	641.6	40	15	
1985	710.2	31	17	287.8	8	5	998.0	39	20	
1986	894.4	116	50	281.9	14	6	1,176.3	130	51	
1987	513.8	46	27	319.0	8	a	832.8	54	27	
1988	294.3	21	9	376.7	22	10	671.0	43	19	
1989	729.0	24	10	310.3	31	13	1,039.2	55	19	
1990	272.8	23	5	312.2	31	6	585.1	54	9	
1 9 91	1,313.0	59	11	157.4	26	10	1,470.5	85	18	
1992	3,969.0	100	24	180.3	11	7	4,149.3	112	29	
1993	535.9	44	16	а	а	а	а	a	a	
1994	89.8	7	5	a	a	a	a	a	8	
1995	337.3	37	12	a	a	a	a	a	а	
1996	а	а	а	124.4	8	4	а	a	Ð	
1997		No Harvest			No Harvest			No Harves	st	
1988-97	' Average									
	763.7	32	10	162.9	15	6	926.6	48	14	

^a Number can not be released due to state confidentiality requirements.

Table 8. North Peninsula aerial herring biomass surveys, 1997.

		Port Mol	er District				Port Hei	den District	
	Herende	een Bay ^a	Molle	er Bay⁵	Bear F	River to	Port He	iden Bay	
	Sec	ction	Se	ction	Strogor	nof Point	Sec	Total	
Date	Tons	Rating ^d	Tons	Rating ^d	Tons ^c	Rating ^d	Tons	Rating ^d	(Tons)
May 22	0	1	0	1					0
May 26	120 '		30	e 3					150
May 27	40 '		0	2					40
May 28	0	2	15	e 2					15
May 30	0	2	0	2					0
June 05	0	1	0	1					0
June 06					0	2			0
June 12	0	3	0	3	0	3			0
Total Bior	mass Obs	served							
	160		45		0		0		205

^a Herendeen Bay includes both the Herendeen Bay and Deer Island-Mud Bay Sections.

^b Moller Bay includes both the Inner and Outer Port Moller Bay Sections.

^c Tons observed; Method of biomass estimate varied based on experience of the observer.

^d Rating of survey: (1) Excellent, (2) Good, (3) Fair, (4) Poor, (5) Unsatisfactory

^e Used in calculating biomass estimate.

Table 9. North Peninsula aerial herring biomass surveys, historical summary, 1980-1997.

	Po	rt Moller Distric	t	_	Port Heiden District			
	Herendeen Bay ^a Section	Moller Bay ^b Sections	Additional Biomass Harvested	Bear River to Strogonof Point	Port Heiden Bay Section	Total Biomass Estimate		I Survey ates
Date	Tons ^c	Tons	Tons	Tons ^c	Tons ^c	Tons°	Begin	End
1980				NO AERIA	L SURVEY			
1981				NO AERIA	L SURVEY			
1982				SURVEY INFORMAT	ION NOT AVAILABLE			
1983				SURVEY INFORMAT	ION NOT AVAILABLE			
1984	2,000	1,500-1,900				3,500-3,900	May 9 -	July 31
1985	260	1,305		5,240		6,805	May 1 -	June 13
1986	1	28		0		29	May 16	- June 7
1987	0	5,125		0		5,125	May 6 -	June 3
1988	1,737	442		8		2,187	May 17	- June 15
1989	1,163	1,471				2,634	May 19	- June 16
1990	155	387				542	May 21	- June 14
1991	2,278 (250) ^d	4,651		1,471		8,400	May 17	- June 26
1992	755	8,269		5,798	10,021	24,843	May 19	- June 18
1993	775	2,878		33	0	3,686	May 4 -	June 9
1994	381	274	74	0		729	May 22	- May 28
1995	60	477	200	0		737	May 13	- June 2
1996	390 (390) ^d	986 (755) ^d		309	65	1,750	-	- June 18
	160	45		0		205	•	June 12
1996 1997	390 (390) ^d	986	5 (755) ^d	5 (755) ^d	3 (755) ^d 309	3 (755) ^d 309 65	3 (755) ^d 309 65 1,750	3 (755) ^d 309 65 1,750 May 9
	769	2,496		762	1,009	5,084		

^a Herendeen Bay includes both the Herendeen Bay and Deer Island-Mud Bay Sections.
^b Moller Bay includes both the Inner and Outer Port Moller Bay Sections.
^c Tons observed; Method of biomass estimate varied based on experience of the observer.

d Biomass estimates conducted by commercial spotter pilots are enclosed in parenthesis (); these estimates are included in the total biomass estimate. They may not be comparible to ADF&G estimates.

Table 10. Aleutian Islands Management Area "Dutch Harbor" commercial purse seine food and bait herring harvest by day, 1997.

			Catch in Short To	ns	
Area	Date	Bait	Food	Total	
Unalaska Bay ^a	July 15	818,9	0.0	818.9	
,	July 16	268.6	0.0	268.6	
	July 17	260.0	0.0	260.0	
	July 18	128,3	0.0	128.3	
	July 19	474.5	0.0	474.5	
Total		1,950.3	0.0	1,950.3	

Note: There was an additional 40.3 tons harvested during test fisheries.

^a Unalaska Bay harvest was from statistical area 302-31.

Table 11. Age, sex, weight, and length of herring harvested in the Aleutian Islands "Dutch Harbor" commercial food and bait herring fishery, July 14-16, 1997.

							,	V eight		Length			
Age	San	nple Siz	ze	Cat	ch (Perc	ent)		Mean	SD		Mean	SD	
Years	Male F	emale	Total	Male	Female	Total	N	(g)	(g)	N	(mm)	(mm)	
5	8	10	18	1.5	1.8	3,3	18	245	26.7	18	257	10.5	
6	47	36	83	8.6	6,6	15.2	83	279	46.4	83	269	11.6	
7	81	90	171	14.8	16.5	31.3	171	298	44.3	171	273	10.4	
8	19	32	51	3.5	5.9	9.3	51	320	37.4	51	281	12.2	
9	54	62	116	9.9	11.4	21.2	116	351	53.4	116	288	13.8	
10	25	27	52	4.6	4.9	9.5	52	370	62.6	52	291	19.6	
11	3	7	10	0.5	1.3	1.8	10	383	61.6	10	299	12.9	
12	11	14	25	2.0	2.6	4.6	25	421	56.2	25	309	15.0	
13	4	5	9	0.7	0.9	1.6	9	436	63.4	9	319	21.5	
14	3	4	7	0.5	0.7	1.3	7	482	51.7	7	319	11.4	
15	0	3	3	0.0	0.5	0.5	3	433	56.4	3	317	6.1	
16	1	0	1	0.2	0.0	0.2	1	370	0.0	1	314	0.0	
Total	256	290	546	46.9	53.1	100.0	546	326	67.3	546	281	18.6	

Table 12. Estimated age composition of Aleutian Islands commercial purse seine food and bait herring harvests, in percent, 1991-97.

Year	Percent at Age (Years)													
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1991	0.2	0.2	0.2	8,7	11.0	5.7	13.4	11.2	22.1	17.2	8.9	1.0	0.0	0.2
1992	0.0	0.3	0.2	0,3	23.3	25.0	4.8	15.2	8.9	10.0	9,4	2.5	0.2	0.0
1993	0.3	9.5	51.8	5,1	5,9	13.2	6.2	2.5	1.6	1.7	1.3	0.8	0.0	0.0
1994	0.2	1,7	24,3	36.7	3.8	4.0	13.3	6.5	3.6	3.3	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.0
1995	0.2	3.2	5,6	30.4	27.5	4.5	4.3	10.4	5.0	1.9	4.8	1.4	0.6	0.2
1996	0.0	0.7	8.2	16.1	35.8	25.8	3.3	2.9	2.7	1.6	1.5	8.0	0.4	0.2
1997	0.0	3.2	15.2	31.3	9.3	21.2	9.5	1.8	4.5	1.6	1.2	0.5	0.1	0.0

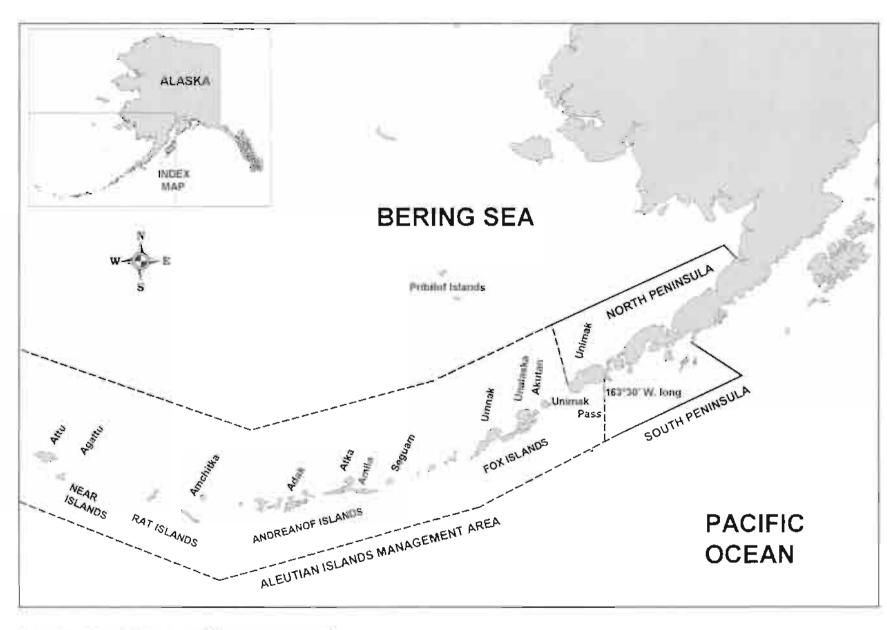


Figure 1. Map of Statistical Management Area M

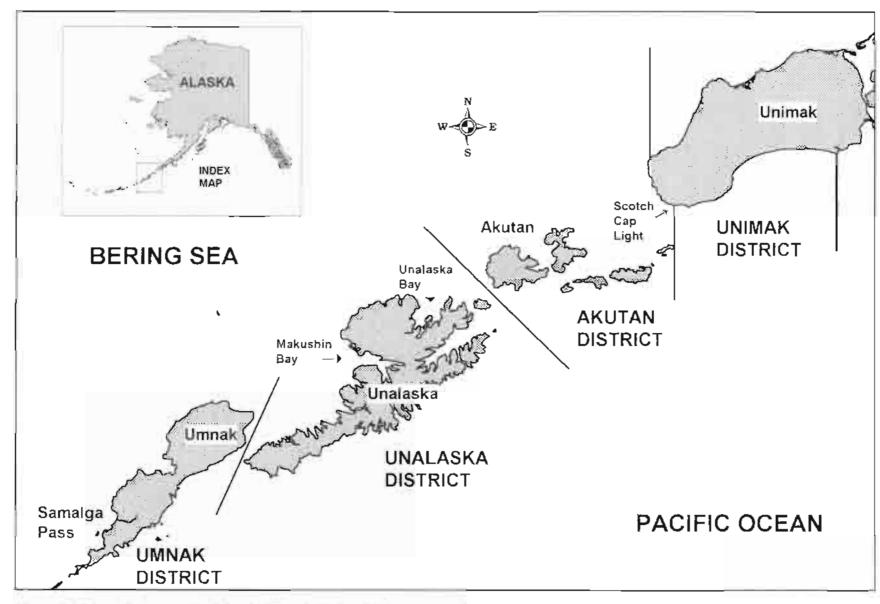


Figure 2. Map of the Aleutian Islands, "Dutch Harbor" Management Area, from Salmaga Pass to Unimak Island with the fishing districts shown.

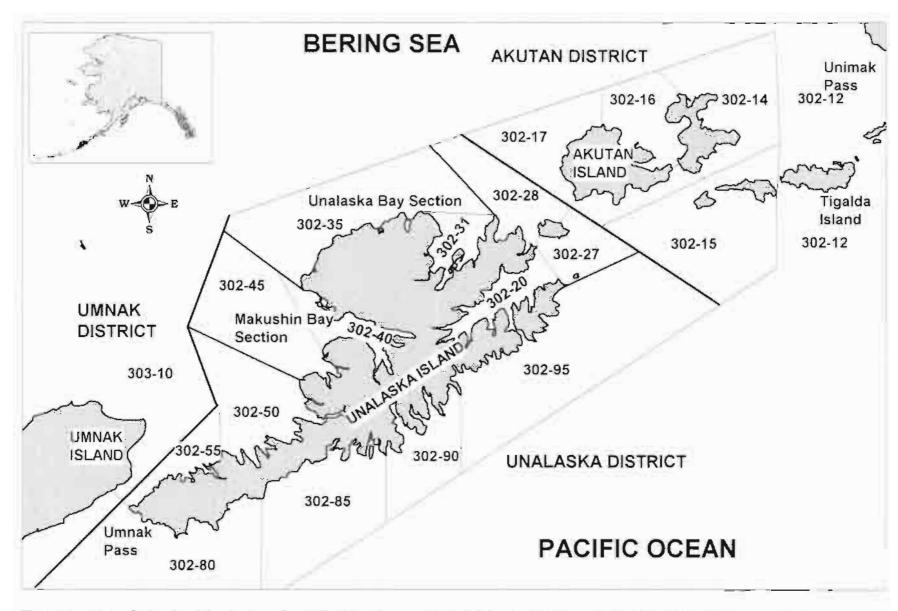


Figure 3 Map of Aleutian Islands Area from Tigalda Island to Umnak Island with the statistical herring fishing areas shown.

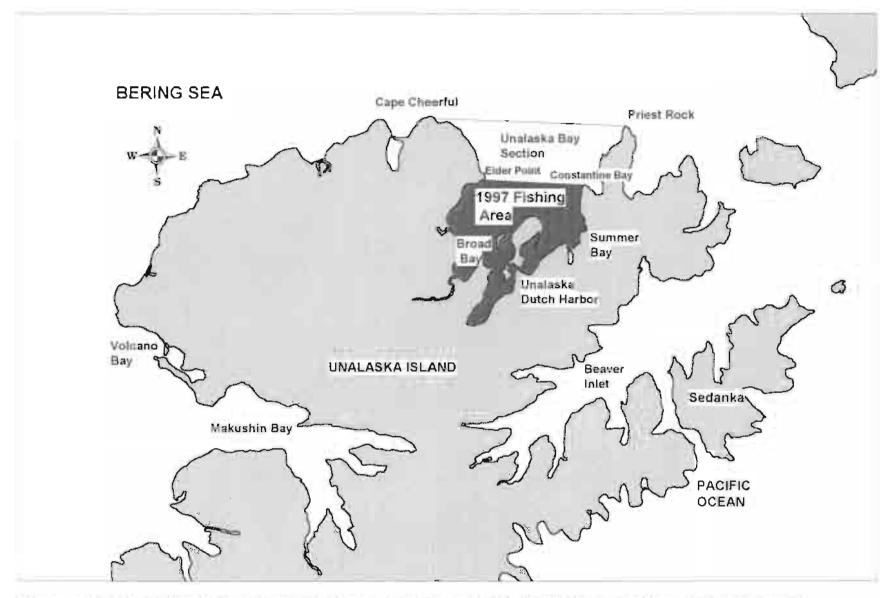


Figure 4. Map of Unalaska Island from Beaver Inlet to Volcano Bay, with the 1997 fishing area defined by the darkened area

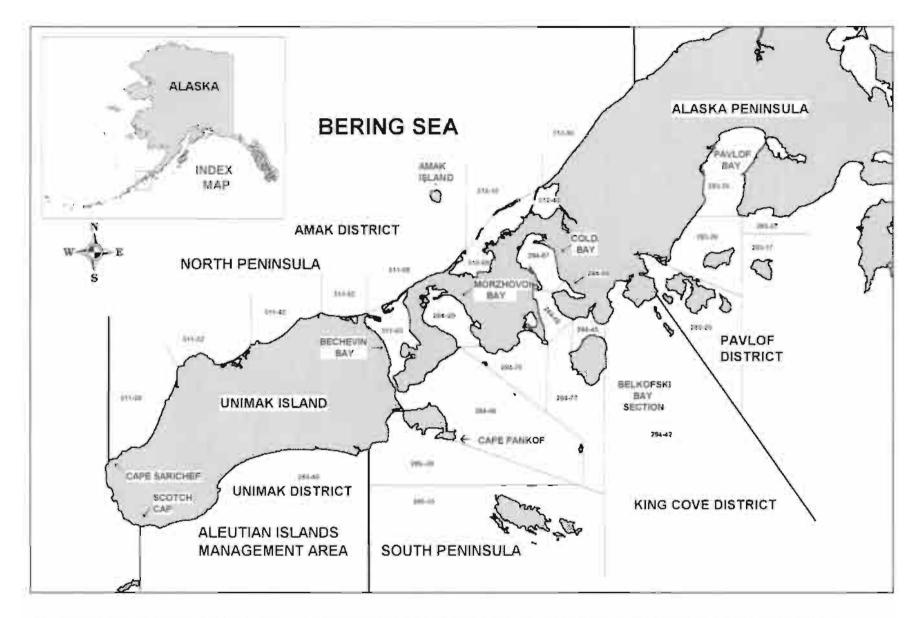


Figure 5 Map of the Alaska Peninsula Area from Cape Sarichef to Paylof Bay with the statistical herring fishing areas shown.

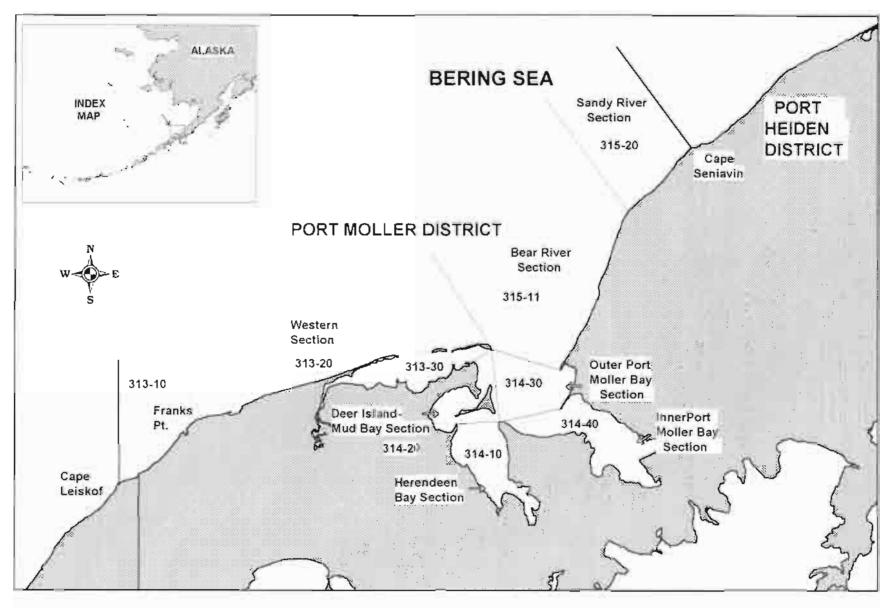


Figure 6 Map of the Port Moller District with the statistical herring fishing areas shown.

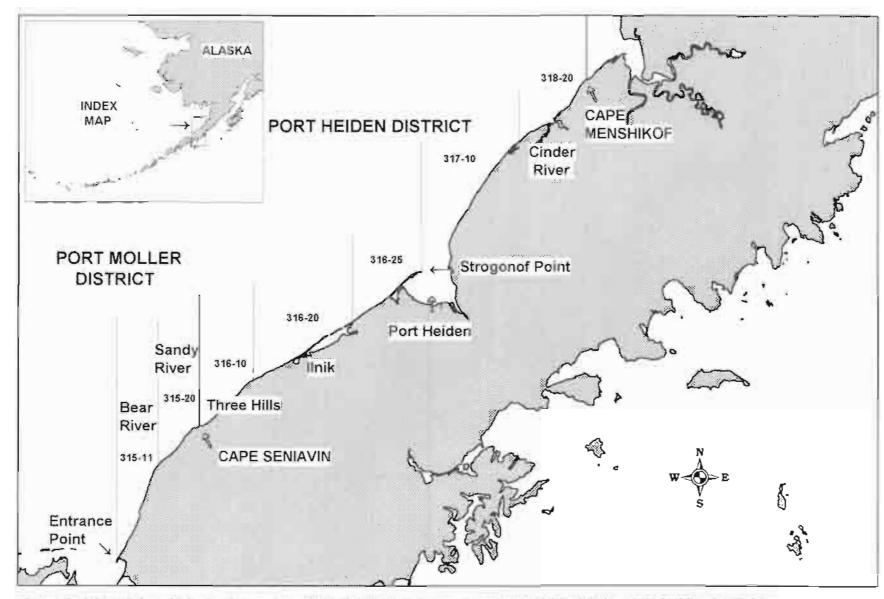


Figure 7. Map of the Alaska Peninsula Area from Entrance Point to Cape Menshikof with the statistical herring fishing areas shown.

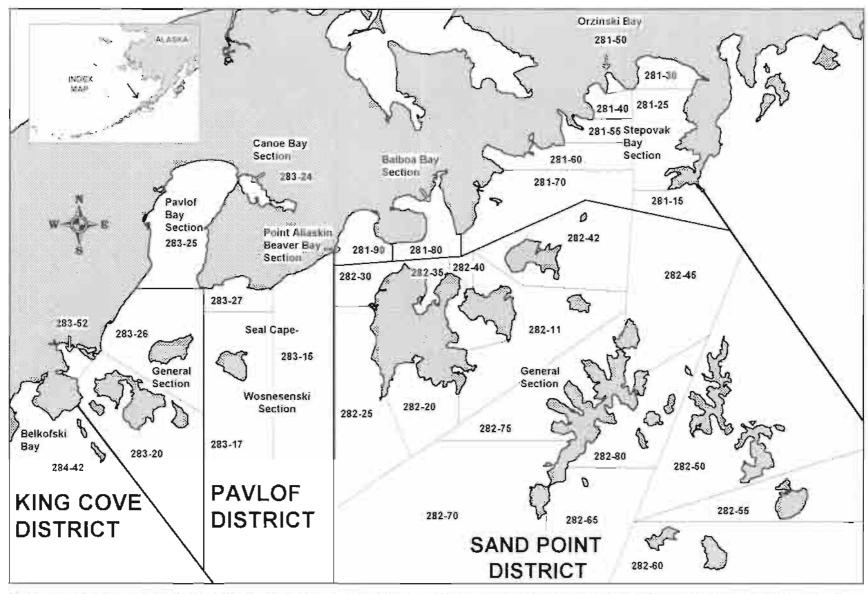


Figure 8. Map of the Alaska Peninsula Area from Belkofski Bay to Kupreanof Point with the statistical herring fishing areas shown



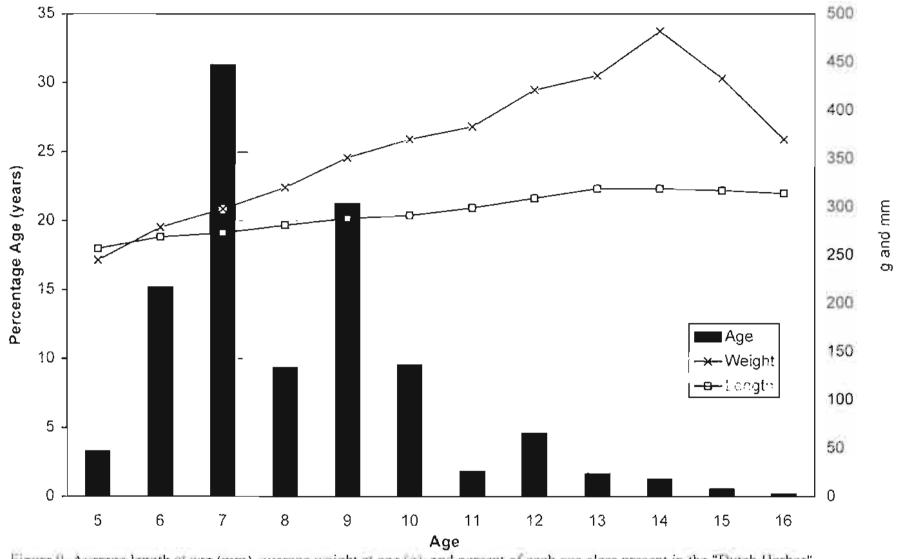


Figure 9. Average length at age (mm), average weight at age (g), and percent of each age class present in the "Dutch Harbor" management area, food and bait herring fishery, 1997.

APPENDIX

ALASKA PENINSULA MANAGEMENT AREA

ALEUTIAN ISLANDS MANAGEMENT AREA

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-01-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: April 15, 1997

<u>EXPLANATION</u>: This emergency order establishes commercial sac roe herring fishing periods as follows for the Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands management Areas:

(1) South Peninsula: Sand Point, Pavlof, and King Cove Districts.

From April 15 through July 15 herring may be taken during fishing periods starting at 12:00 noon on odd number days of the month and closing at 12:00 noon on even days of the month, followed by 24 hour closed periods.

(2) Aleutian Islands: Unimak, Akutan, Unalaska, Umnak, and Adak Districts.

Effective at 12:01 a.m. April 15 through 12:00 midnight June 15 herring may be taken. The season is closed from June 16 through July 15.

- (3) North Peninsula: Amak, Port Moller, and Port Heiden Districts.
 - (a) Amak District

Effective at 12:01 a.m. April 15 through 12:00 midnight June 30 herring may be taken. The season is closed from July 1 through July 15.

(b) Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts.

From April 15 through June 30 herring may be taken only during periods established by subsequent emergency order(s). The season is closed from July 1 through July 15.

JUSTIFICATION

Fishing time is needed to allow sac roe herring harvests in the Alaska Peninsula and Aleutian Islands Management Areas during the sac roe herring season. Effort is anticipated to be low in Aleutian waters and the Amak District of the North Peninsula. These areas are open for exploration because no commercial sac roe herring deliveries have been made in the Aleutian Islands and the Amak District of the North Peninsula has had no deliveries in recent years. Therefore, until harvests indicate more conservative measures are needed, seven fishing days per week can be allowed without causing stock conservation concerns in Aleutian waters and the Amak District of the North Peninsula.

The reason that portions of the area will remain closed during part of the sac roe herring season is as follows:

Unimak, Akutan, Unalaska, Umnak, and Adak Districts during June 16 through July 15:

These districts are managed on a food and bait herring fishery allocation during the food and bait season beginning July 16. The food and bait fishery is managed on the basis of 5 AAC 27.060 Bering Sea Herring Fishery Management Plan. During some years food and bait stocks (non local spawning stocks) are present in these areas by June 16. The closure from June 16 through July 15 will prevent food and bait herring from being harvested prior to the food and bait season. If sac roe stocks are discovered during the June 16 through July 15 time period, appropriate locations can be opened for a sac roe herring harvest by subsequent emergency order(s).

South Peninsula: Sand Point, Pavlof, and King Cove Districts during April 15 through July 15:

These districts are managed on local sac roe herring stocks. During recent years, fishing effort has increased and the department's ability to monitor the fishery has diminished. Therefore, to avoid overharvest these districts should be opened for 24 hour periods, followed by 24 hour closures.

Port Moller and Port Heiden Districts during April 15 through June 30:

These districts are managed on local sac roe herring stocks. Fishing effort has increased, in recent years, and the department must closely monitor these fisheries to prevent overharvest. Therefore, these districts should remain closed until a sufficient biomass of herring is observed, and fishing vessels and adequate tender capacity are on the grounds.

Port Heiden, Port Moller, and Amak District during July 1 through July15:

These districts are managed on a local sac roe herring stocks. During some years non-local, spawned-out herring are present in coastal waters by July 1. The closure from July 1 through July 15 will prevent the harvest of any non-local, spawned-out herring. If sac roe stocks are discovered during the July 1 through July 15 time period, appropriate locations can be opened for a sac roe herring harvest by subsequent emergency order(s).

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-02-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10:00 p.m. Tuesday July 15, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 20 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 10:00 p.m. to 10:20 p.m., Tuesday, July 15, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south of a line from Eider Point to the western entrance of Constantine Bay at 53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners is an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys, a 20 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-03-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 5:15 p.m. Wednesday July 16, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 5:15 p.m. to 5:45 p.m. Wednesday July 16, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south of a line from Eider Point to the western entrance of Constantine Bay at 53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 813 tons were harvested during the first commercial fishing period. About 832 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys and independent vessel sonar reports, a 30 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-04-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10:00 p.m. Thursday July 17, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 20 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 10:00 p.m. to 10:20 p.m. Thursday July 17, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head and south of the Dutch Harbor-Unalaska bridge.

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 255 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1068 tons. About 577 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys and independent vessel sonar reports, a 20 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-05-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 3:00 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 3:00 p.m. to 3:30 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 240 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1308 tons. About 337 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys and independent vessel sonar reports, a 30 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-06-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 9:00 p.m. July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 60 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 9:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,368 tons. About 277 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys and independent vessel sonar reports, a 60 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-07-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10:00 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute extension of the current commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 10:00 p.m. to 10:30 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,368 tons. About 277 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. However, fishermen reported minimum harvest during the current 60 minute commercial fishing period. Based on current vessel harvest reports, a 30 minute extension in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-08-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 10:30 p.m. July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute extension of the current commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 10:30 p.m. to 11:00 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,368 tons. About 277 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. However, fishermen reported minimum harvest during the previous fishing period extension. Based on current vessel harvest reports, a 30 minute extension in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-09-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 11:00 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute extension of the current commercial food and bait berring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 11:00 p.m. to 11:30 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,368 tons. About 277 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. However, fishermen reported minimum harvest during the previous fishing period extension. Based on current vessel harvest reports, a 30 minute extension in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-10-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 11:30 p.m. Friday July 18, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 30 minute extension of the current commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 11:30 p.m. to 12:00 midnight Friday July 18, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south and west of a line from Eider Point to Ulakta Head (53°55.47' N. lat., 166°30.55' W. long.) and south of a line from Ulatka Head to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,368 tons. About 277 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. However, fishermen reported minimum harvest during the previous fishing period extension. Based on current vessel harvest reports, a 30 minute extension in the described

waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-11-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 1:00 p.m. Saturday July 19, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order allows a 60 minute commercial food and bait herring fishing period in the Unalaska District of the Aleutian Islands Management Area, from 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. Saturday July 19, 1997 in all waters of Unalaska Bay south of a line from Eider Point (53°57.5' N. lat., 166°35.25' W. long.) to the west entrance of Constantine Bay (53°57.3' N. lat., 166°26.1' W. long.).

JUSTIFICATION:

The "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery is managed on the basis of the Togiak herring biomass as described under 5 AAC 27.060, the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan. The department shall manage the Dutch Harbor fishery so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District herring sac roe harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).

The 1997 Dutch Harbor food and bait herring allocation is 1,645 tons. Approximately 60 tons were harvested during the previous commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1,428 tons. About 217 tons remain to be harvested on the allocation. Effort consists of 26 purse seine vessels, 16 tenders representing 5 processing companies, and 9 aircraft. The initial holding capacity for both tenders and purse seiners remains an estimated 4,100 tons. Herring are present in the Unalaska Bay Section. Based on aerial surveys and independent vessel sonar reports, a 60 minute opening in the described waters will allow the fleet the opportunity to harvest herring toward the food and bait allocation.

EMERGENCY ORDER NO. 4-FH-M-SP-12-97

EFFECTIVE DATE: 5:00 p.m. Saturday July 19, 1997

EXPLANATION: This emergency order closes the Aleutian Islands Management Area commercial food and bait herring fishing season effective 5:00 p.m. Saturday July 19, 1997 until 12:00 midnight February 28, 1998 (the end of the food and bait herring season).

JUSTIFICATION:

Catch estimates from July 19 indicate that approximately 493 tons were harvested during the commercial fishing period for an accumulative harvest of 1921 tons. An estimated 276 tons were caught above the 1645 ton allocation. Because the allocation has been exceeded, there will be no more fishing periods for the 1997 "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery.

ARTICLE 2. - GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS.

5 AAC 27.060. BERING SEA HERRING FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN.

- (a) The department shall follow the directives of the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan, as well as the regulations that govern the individual herring fisheries, when managing the commercial herring fisheries that take place in the Bering Sea.
- (b) Unless otherwise specified in this chapter, the department shall manage the fisheries so that the exploitation rate on eastern Bering Sea herring stocks does not exceed 20 percent of the biomass of those stocks.
- (c) The following thresholds are minimum biomass levels for each herring fishing district. When the department estimates, in season, that the biomass in a district is below its threshold, the department may not allow a commercial harvest of herring in that district.

District	Thresholds (s.t.)
Port Moller	1,000
Togiak	35,000
Security Cove	1,200
Goodnews Bay	1,200
Cape Avinof	500
Nelson Island	3,000
Nunivak Island	1,500
Cape Romanzof	1,500
Norton Sound	7,000

- (d) The department shall manage the food and bait herring fishery that takes place in the Unimak, Akutan, and Unalaska Districts and that portion of the Umnak District east of Samalga Pass (Dutch Harbor fishery) so that it is allocated seven percent of the allowable Togiak District sac roe herring harvest determined under the provisions of the Bristol Bay Herring Management Plan (5 AAC 27.865).
- (g) When the Togiak District is below its threshold, the Dutch Harbor fishery will be closed for that season.
- (h) When any of the southwest Alaska herring stocks, from Security Cove to Port Clarence, is below its threshold, identified in (c) of this section, the department shall close the Dutch Harbor food and bait herring fishery for that season. For the purpose of determining the need for this closure, the threshold level for the Nelson Island herring stock is 2,000 short tons. If the department determines it necessary to close the Dutch Harbor food and bait herring fishery under this subsection, the department shall not reallocate the herring harvest set for the Dutch Harbor food and bait herring fishery, under 5 AAC 27.865 (b)(7), to the Togiak sac roe herring fishery.

ARTICLE 12. - STATISTICAL AREA T; BRISTOL BAY AREA

5 AAC 27.865. BRISTOL BAY HERRING MANAGEMENT PLAN

(a) When managing the Bristol Bay commercial herring fishery, the primary objectives of the department will be to prosecute an orderly and manageable fishery, while striving for the highest level of product quality with a minimum of waste.

- (b) To ensure that no gear group is totally disadvantaged, the Board of Fisheries directs the department to take the following actions given the specified circumstances.
 - (1) When circumstances preclude the department from adequately assessing the biomass, the fishery shall be managed for an exploitation based on the pre-season projected return.
 - (3) Whenever possible, openings for both gear types must begin during the hours of daylight, and special consideration will be given to afford the maximum amount of daylight.
 - (4) The department may allow only one gear type to operate in an area during any open period.
 - (7) The maximum exploitation rate for the Bristol Bay herring stock is 20 percent. Before opening the sac roe fishery, the department shall set aside approximately 1,500 short tons for the Togiak district herring spawn-on-kelp fishery, and seven percent of the remaining available harvest for the Dutch Harbor food and bait fishery.
 - (8) After the spawn-on-kelp harvest and the Dutch Harbor food and bait fishery have been subtracted, the remaining harvestable surplus is allocated to the sac roe fishery. The department shall manage for a removal of 25 percent of that surplus by the gillnet fleet and 75 percent by the purse seine fleet.
 - (9) If a manageable separation of the year classes occurs, an exploitation rate of up to 20 percent may be allowed on the younger age herring (4 years or less), and no fishery will be considered if this recruit population is less than 20,000 short tons.
 - (10) Late season (post-peak) sac roe openings must be based on one or more of the following criteria:
 - (A) a definable increase in the biomass of herring present on the fishing grounds;
 - (B) a major shift in the age composition of the herring in a definable biomass that is large enough to allow a harvest; and
 - (C) a major improvement in the roe maturity of fish sampled over a broad area, indicating the arrival of a quantity of new herring.

ARTICLE 10. - STATISTICAL AREA M; ALASKA PENINSULA-ALEUTIAN ISLANDS AREA.

5 AAC 27.600. DESCRIPTION OF AREA. Statistical area M includes all waters bound on the east by a line extending southeast (135°) from the southernmost tip of Kupreanof Point, on the west by the International Date Line, and on the north by a line extending west from the westernmost tip of Cape Menshikof.

5 AAC 27.605. DESCRIPTION OF DISTRICTS AND SECTIONS.

(a) Sand Point District: all waters on the south (Pacific) side of the Alaska Peninsula west of a line extending from 135° from Kupreanof Point (55°34'N.lat, 159°36' W.long.), and east of 160°59' W.long. (longitude of McGinty Point). Sections are as follows:

- (1) Stepovak Bay Section: all waters of the Sand Point District locatedwest of a line extending 135° from Kupreanof Point 55°34' N.lat., 159°36'W.long., north of a line from approximately two nautical miles south of 135° from Kupreanof Point, west to 55°32'12" N.lat., 160°02'36 W.long., (approximately one nautical mile north of Karpa Island), and west to 55°26' N.lat, 160°31'30" W.long., (approximately two nautical miles south of the longitude of Swedania Point 160°31'30" W.long.).
- (2) Swedania Point-Balboa Bay Section: all waters of the Sand Point District located between 160°31'30" W.long, and 160°49' W.long., and north of 55°26' N.lat.
- (3) Point Aliaksin-Beaver Bay Section: all waters of the Sand Point District located between 160°49' W.long. and 161°59' W.long., and north of 55°26' N.lat.
- (4) General section: all other waters of the Sand Point District.
- (b) Pavlof District: all waters on the south (Pacific) side of the Alaska Peninsula between 160°59' W.long. and a line extending 150° from 55°05'54" N.lat., 161°59' W.long. through Inner and Outer Iliasik Islands, including Bear and Volcano Bays.
 - (1) Canoe Bay Section: all waters of Canoe Bay east of 161°21'45" W.long.
 - (2) Pavlof Bay Section: all waters of Pavlof Bay north of 55°21'42" N.lat. (latitude of Cape Tolstoi), excluding the Canoe Bay and Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Sections.
 - (3) Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Section: all waters of the Pavlof District located between 160° 59' W.long. and 161°30" W.long. (longitude of Cape Tolstoi).
 - (4) General section: all other waters of the Pavlof District.
- (c) King Cove District: all waters of the south (Pacific) side of the Alaska Peninsula between a line extending 150° from 55°05'54" N.lat., 161°59' W.long. through Inner and Outer Iliasik Islands and 163°30' W.long., including waters of Isanotski Strait south of a line from Nichols Point to the False Pass dock.
 - Belkofski Section: all waters of the King Cove District east of 162°15'W.long. (longitude of Bold Cape).
 - (2) Deer Passage Section: all waters of the King Cove District between 162°15' W.long. (longitude of Bold Cape) and 162°25' W.long (longitude of Vodapoini Point), and north of 54°55' N.lat., excluding all waters of Lenard Harbor.
 - (3) Cold Bay Section: all waters of the King Cove District bounded by a line from Thin Point to Vodapoini Point.
 - (4) General section: all other waters of the King Cove District.
- (d) Unimak District: all waters on the southside of Unimak Island between 163°30' W.long, and the longitude of Scotch Cap Light.
- (e) Akutan District: all waters extending west of Unimak Island to and including Akutan Pass.

- (f) Unalaska District: all waters west of Akutan Pass to and including Umnak Pass.
 - (1) Unalaska Bay Section: all waters of the Unalaska Bay District enclosed by a line from Priest Rock at 54°00'24" N.lat., 166°22'42" W.long. to Cape Cheerful at 54°00'33" N.lat., 166°37'45" W.long.
 - (2) General Section: all waters of the Unalaska District not included in the Unalaska Bay Section.
- (g) Umnak District: all waters west of Umnak Pass to and including Atka Pass.
- (h) Adak District: all waters west of Atka Pass to the terminus of the Aleutian Islands.
- (i) Amak District: all Bering Sea waters south and west of Cape Lieskof (55°47' N.lat., 162°04' W.long.) to the longitude of Cape Sarichef Light, including all waters of Bechevin Bay and Isanotski Strait north of a line from the False Pass Cannery dock to the tip of Nichols Point.
- (j) Port Moller District: all Bering Sea waters between the latitude of Cape Lieskof and the latitude of Cape Seniavin (56°24' N.lat.).
 - (1) Western Section: all waters of the Port Moller District west of the longitude of Wolf Point on Walrus Island, excluding the waters of Herendeen Bay and Deer Island Mud Bay Sections.
 - (2) Deer Island Mud Bay Section: all waters of the Port Moller District bounded by a line from the northernmost tip of Point Edward to the southernmost tip of Wolf Point on Walrus Island to Point Divide (55°53'10" N.lat., 160°47' W.long.) to the northernmost tip of Black Point.
 - (3) Herendeen Bay Section: all waters of Herendeen Bay south of a line from the northernmost tip of Black Point to Point Divide (55°53'10" N.lat., 160°47' W.long.).
 - (4) Inner Port Moller Section: all waters of Port Moller Bay enclosed by a line from Point Divide (55°53'10" N.lat., 160°47' W.long.), to Harbor Point (55°55' N.lat., 160°34'30" W.long.).
 - (5) Outer Port Moller Bay Section: all waters of the Port Moller District south and east of a line from Point Divide (55°53'10" N.lat., 160°47' W.long.) to the southernmost tip of Wolf Point on Walrus Island to the southernmost tip of Entrance Point (55°59'30" N.lat., 160°34' W.long.).
 - (6) Bear River Section: all Bering Sea waters between the longitude of Wolf Point on Walrus Island and Cape Seniavin Light, excluding the waters of the Herendeen Bay, Deer Island - Mud Bay, Outer Port Moller Bay, and Inner Port Moller Bay Sections.
- (k) Port Heiden District: all waters between the latitude of Cape Seniavin (56°24' N.lat.) and the latitude of Cape Menshikof (57°31'20" N.lat.).

5 AAC 27.610. FISHING SEASONS AND PERIODS.

- (a) In the Sand Point, Pavlof, King Cove, Amak, Port Moller, and Port Heiden Districts, herring may be taken from April 15 through July 15 (sac roe season).
- (d) Herring may be taken only during periods established by emergency order.

(e) In the Unimak, Akutan, Unalaska, Umnak, and Adak Districts, herring may be taken from April 15 through July 15 (sac roe season) and from July 16 through February 28 (food and bait season).

5 AAC 27.630. GEAR. Herring may be taken only by purse seines and gillnets.

5 AAC 27.631. GILLNET SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATIONS.

- (a) During the herring sac roe season, the aggregate length of herring gillnets in use by a herring CFEC permit holder may not exceed 150 fathoms.
- (b) The interim-use or entry permit holder must be physically present while the gillnet is being fished.
- (c) Each drift gillnet in operation must have a buoy at one end and the opposite end must be attached to the fishing vessel. Each set gillnet in operation must be anchored and buoyed at both ends. Each buoy must be plainly and legibly marked with the permanent vessel license plate number (ADF&G number) of the vessel operating the gear. The buoy may bear only a single number and this number must be that of the vessel used in operating the gear. The numbers must be painted on the top one-third of the buoy in numerals at least four inches in height, one-half inch in width and in a color contrasting to that of the buoy. The buoy markings must be visible on the buoy above the water surface.

5 AAC 27.632. SEINE SPECIFICATIONS AND OPERATIONS. During the sac roe herring season, no purse seine may be more than 1,000 meshes in depth and more than 100 fathoms in length. During the food and bait herring season, no purse seine may be more than 250 fathoms in length.

5 AAC 27.650. WATERS CLOSED TO HERRING FISHING.

- (a) Herring may not be taken from June 25 through September 30 in any waters closed to salmon fishing.
- 5 AAC 27.662. BUYER AND TENDER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. In addition to the requirements of 5 AAC 39.130(f) each tender operator and each buyer or his agents shall report in person to and register with a local representative of the department upon arrival in the statistical area before commencing operations and before changing location of the operation. Each buyer shall:
 - identify all vessels to be employed in transporting or processing herring and shall register such vessels
 with a local representative of the department located in the statistical area before transporting or
 processing of herring;
 - (2) make daily reports of all herring purchased from fishermen, and other processing records as specified by a local representative of the department; and
 - (3) submit fish tickets before departure from the area and no later than 10 days after termination of buying operations in the area, or as otherwise specified by a local representative of the department.

This forecast is for North and South Alaska Peninsula areas with guideline harvest levels, excluding those areas open for exploration such as the General Section of the Sand Point District, Seal Cape-Wosnesenski Section, the General Section of the King Cove District, Amak District, and the Western Section of the Port Moller District. This forecast does not include the Aleutian Islands Management Area, which has no history of sac roe herring harvests, nor the Port Heiden District which had a commercial harvest only during 1992.

The 1998 North Peninsula forecasted harvest between 0 and 150 tons which is expected to be taken in the Port Moller District. This forecast is based on the 1997 biomass estimate and applying a sliding scale exploitation rate to the estimate. A reduced level of aerial surveys in 1997 reduced confidence in 1997 stock size. However, adjustments to the guideline harvest level will be made inseason once herring biomass is quantified. The following table shows the sliding scale allowable harvest on the estimated mature biomass when it is assumed the threshold of 1,000 tons will be reached.

Stock Size (Short Tons)	Sliding Scale Exploitation Rate	Allowable Harvest	
Less than 1,000	0%	0	
1,001-1,500	10%	0-150	
1,501-1,999	10%	150-200	
2,000-2,500	15%	300-375	
2,501-3,000	15%	375-450	
> 3,000	20%	> 450	

At low biomass levels a conservative approach will be taken to allow the local stocks to rebuild and to account for North Peninsula herring that may contribute to the Dutch Harbor food and bait fishery. Rowell et. al. (1990) estimated that up to 22% of the Dutch Harbor food and bait harvest may be non-Togiak herring. Based on estimated travel time of eastern Bering Sea herring stocks to Dutch Harbor and the fishery opening date of July 16, North Peninsula stocks may comprise a portion of the non-Togiak component. During periods when large biomass levels are observed a higher harvest rate will be allowed. Based on Alaska Board of Fisheries findings, exploitation rate may not exceed 20% of the mature biomass of those stocks. The forecast does not include the Port Heiden District where commercial fishing occurred only during 1992. Samples were not available in 1997, so no estimation on the dominating age classes in the 1998 harvest can be made.

Confidence in the North Peninsula forecast is only fair. In the Port Moller District, a 1,000 ton threshold of mature herring is required before the department may allow a commercial harvest in that district. In prior years it was assumed that the threshold requirements were achieved before aerial surveys were conducted. However, in 1996 biomass surveys were conducted earlier than normal with no herring observed during the initial surveys.

The 1998 South Peninsula forecasted sac roe is 60 tons. The forecast is based on the 1993-97 average sac roe harvest of 58.4 tons. No age class data was available in 1997, so it is unknown what age classes will dominate the 1998 harvest

Confidence in the South Peninsula forecast is only fair.

Appendix D. Aleutian Islands "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring forcast, 1998.

This forcast is for the "Dutch Harbor": Unimak, Akutan, and Unalaska Districts and that portion of the Umnak District located east of Samalga Pass, food and bait herring fishery (Kathy Rowell, ADF&G, Anchorage, memo November 14,1997).

A 1,590 ton quota was allocated for the "Dutch Harbor" food and bait herring fishery for 1998 using the Bering Sea Herring Management Plan allocation formula, as follows, given the maximum 20% exploitation rate of the projected biomass:

	Biomass (Short Tons)	Harvest (Short Tons)
1998 Forcasted Biomass	121,054	
Exploitation @ maximum 20% for Total Allowable Harvest	, •	24,211
Togiak Spawn-on Kelp Fishery (Fixed Allocation)	ý	1,500
Remaining Allowable Harvest		22,711
Dutch Harbor Food/Bait Allo (7.0% of the remaining alloca	·	1,590
Remaining Allowable Harvest Togiak District Sac Roe Fisher		21,121

Appendix E. Estimated age composition of North Peninsula commercial purse seine sac roe herring harvests by area and percent, 1985-97.

	_	Percent at age (Years)										
Area	Year	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11+	
Herende	en Bay Section	on										
	1985	0	5	49	21	15	6	4	0	0	0	
	1986	0	0	3	25	13	20	21	17	1	0	
	1987	0	2	4	22	24	17	13	10	6	2	
	1988	0	3	23	30	22	9	4	3	3	2	
	1989	0	0	2	62	22	5	1	1	0	7	
	1990	0	14	3	1	57	15	3	1	1	5	
	1991	0	2	72	5	2	11	4	0	2	3	
	1992				No harve							
	1993				No samp			tion				
	1994				No harve							
	1995	0	5	22	42	17	7	2	0	0	5	
	1996	1	60	20	7	7	4	1	0	0	0	
	1997				No harve	st in this	section					
Deer Isl	and-Mud Bay 1991 1992	Section 0 0	s 1 0	65 17	7 64	3 5	18 2	5 6	0 3	1 2	1 2	
	1993-97				No samp		this sect					
							-	-				
Inner Me	oller Bay Sect											
	1985	0	1	12	8	15	33	27	2	0	1	
	1986	0	1	7	21	12	18	19	20	1	1	
	1987	0	2	11	13	22	12	11	17	11	0	
	1988	0	1	30	29	12	6	5	5	8	5	
	1989	0	1	1	67	19	3	1	2	2	4	
	1990	0	13	4	2	49	16	5	2	2	6	
	1991	0	1	59	13	2	16	1	5	2	1	
	1992	0	0	23	60	4	2	6	2	1	2	
	1993	0	0	0	10	48	5	2	17	8	10	
	1994	0	0	3	12	19	46	4	1	10	6	
	1995	0	1	2	8	16	23	38	3	4	6	
	1996					arvest in						
	1997				No h	arvest in	this sec	tion				
Outer M	oller-Bering S	Sea Coas	st									
	1985	0	1	26	16	20	17	17	1	1	0	
	1986	0	0	2	22	13	21	23	18	1	0	
	1987	0	2	48	9	14	5	11	8	3	0	
	1988				No harve							

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	_	Percent at age (Years)									
Area	Year	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11+
	1989	0	0	0	6	26	6	24	7	10	21
	1990 *	90	10	Ö	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0
	1991 b	0	3	74	6	1	11	2	1	1	0
	1992 b	ő	2	41	49	2	0	2	2	0	2
	1993	V	_		No samp	_	•	_	2	0	_
	1994	0	0	8	8	0	54	0	0	23	8
	1995	v	Ü	Ü	No samp	-	-	-	•	20	O
	1996**	0	50	28	14	5	0	3	0	0	0
	1997	Ų	50	_	No harve	•	•	0	v	v	v
Bear R	iver area 1991 1992 1993 1994-97	0	2		8 No harve No samp No harve	les from	this sec	1 tion	0	0	1
Cape Kı	utuzof area										
	1991	0	0	37	10	0	40	9	2	2	2
	1992-97				No harve	st in this	section				
Port Hei	iden Bay Sec	tion									
	1992	0	0	9	64	5	1	13	2	1	4
	1993-97				No harve	st in this	section				

^a Juvenile herring sample.
^b Outer Port Moller Bay Section samples only.

Appendix F. Estimated age composition of South Peninsula commercial purse seine sac roe herring harvests by area and percent, 1985-97.

					Age	es				
Year	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Stepovak Bay										
1985	No samp	les								
1986-87				1	No Harve	est in thi	s section	1		
1988	0	5	78	17	0	0	1	0	0	0
1989	0	3	31	50	13	0	0	0	2	0
1990	1	6	8	28	50	7	1	0	1	1
1991 ^a	0	4	13	6	23	42	13	0	0	0
1992				1	No Harve	est in thi	s section	1		
1993 ^a	No samp	les								
1994-95				1	No Harvi	est in thi	s section	1		
1996	No samp	oles								
1997				1	No Harvi	est in thi	s section	ı		
Balboa										
1988	0	32	50	9	0	1	3	1	2	3
1989	No samp		••	•	_	·	-	,	_	•
1990	0	4	7	22	59	4	0	4	0	0
1991	0	16	11	16	26	32	0	0	0	0
1992-94				1	No Harve	est in thi	s section	1		
1995	No samp	oles								
1996	No samp									
1997	·			1	No Harv	est in thi	s section	1		
Shumagin Islands										
1989	0	1	15	79	1	0	0	3	0	2
1990	0	4	0	26	67	2	0	0	0	1
1991	0	0	17	2	30	48	2	0	0	0
1992-95	J	_				is section		·	Ū	•
1996	0	0	16		8	3	0	0	0	0
1997						is section				
Canoe Bay										
1985	0	1	3	81	7	6	4	1	0	1
1300		<u> </u>		o I		0	1	J		 '

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		Percent at age (Years)											
Year	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11			
1986	0	6	0	3	82	6	2	0	1	0			
1987	0	25	28	1	5	34	3	3	0	0			
1988	0	24	31	20	0	1	16	4	2	1			
1989	0	6	56	22	9	0	0	5	1	1			
1990	0	23	5	49	17	5	0	0	1	0			
1991	0	27	16	1	41	12	2	0	1	0			
1992	0	0	6	9	1	55	23	4	0	2			
1993	0	21	4	16	9	2	35	11	2	1			
1994	0	71	15	1	9	2	1	2	0	0			
1995	No samp	les											
1996 ^b	0	0	0	29	26	5	12	5	3	20			
1997			1	No Harve	est in thi	is sectio	n						
Pavlof Bay													
1985-86	No samp	les											
1987	0	6	18	5	11	48	9	2	1	0			
1988	0	34	50	5	0	2	7	0	2	0			
1989	No samp	les											
1990-95													
1996 ^b	0	0	0	29	26	5	12	5	3	20			
1997			1	No Harve	est in thi	is sectio	n						
Lenard Harbor													
1986	0	3	0	3	83	7	4	0	0	0			
1987	0	67	5	0	3	25	0	0	0	0			
1988-89	No samp	les											
1990	0	3	2	35	46	6	0	3	6	0			
1991-97			1	No Harve	est in thi	is sectio	n						

^a The 1991 and 1993 Stepovak Bay catch was in the northeastern portion of the bay.

^b The samples from Canoe Bay and Pavlof Bay were mixed.

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